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An Exploratory Study of Individuals' Transition to Adoptive Parenthood

Emily Brandt University of St. Augustine for Health Sciences, E.Brandt@usa.edu

Karen Park University of St. Augustine for Health Sciences, kpark@usa.edu

Susan MacDermott University of St. Augustine for Health Sciences, skmacdermott@gmail.com

Becki Cohill University of St. Augustine for Health Sciences, bcohill@usa.edu

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An Exploratory Study of Individuals' Transition to Adoptive Parenthood

Emily Brandt OTS; Karen Park OTD, OTR/L; Susan MacDermott OTD, OTR/L; Becki Cohill OTD, OTR/L

BACKGROUND

Occupational therapists are equipped to support clients through transitional phases. They can do this by adapting environments, modifying tasks, and assessing clients' daily routines and occupations (AOTA, 2020). Literature shows that the transition to adoptive parenthood can be accompanied by hardships (Tasker & Wood, 2016). According to the Child Trends Database, in 2018 there were 1.8 million children who had been adopted in the U.S. (Child Trends Database, 2018). This signifies a large population linked by a common experience: the adoption process.

PURPOSE

The purpose of this study was to explore individuals' transition to adoptive parenthood through an occupational therapy lens. More specifically, this study aimed to investigate how individuals' performance patterns daily and occupations change through this transition. Ultimately, the purpose of this study was to gain insight into this population's lived experience to inform occupational therapy services in order to meet the specific needs of the adoptive parent population.

METHODS

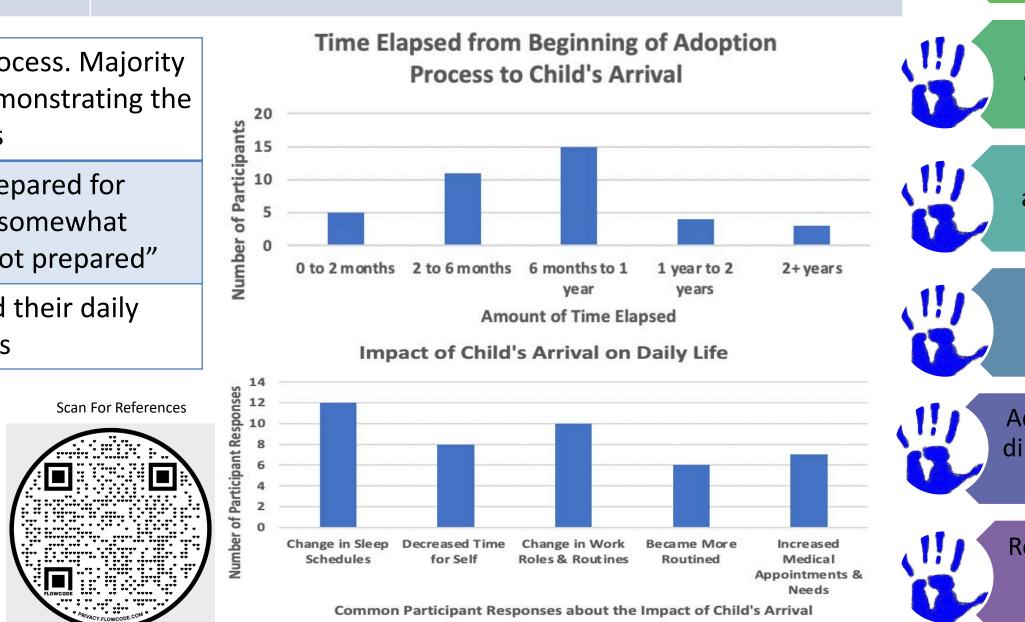
- Survey (n=40) recruited from adoption related social media groups (groups=9)
- Interview (n=6) process conducted over Zoom
- Transcribed through the Microsoft dictation tool and data organized in Dedoose
- Member checking
- Braun and Clarke (2006) thematic analysis method, 3 themes identified and supported through the data

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THEMES	DESCRIPTORS
Centered on Child	During the transition to adoptive parenthood, there is a shift of performance patterns and occupations from being centered on self to center on child. Less time for: self-care, home management, leisure. Changes in sleep and eating routines, professional roles & routines
Increased Realistic Information and Education	Increased realistic education and information is needed throughout the adoption process. Child's past hx, effects of adoption on mental health, navigating open relationships, feeding, trauma, attachment, emotional strain for birth family
Advocate for Child	Through the transition to adoptive parenthood, individuals assume the role of advocate for their child. Legal processes, services & intervention, best interest of the child
 Large variability in length of adoption process. reporting between 6 months - 1 year, demonst "unknown" of the process 	
 54% reported feeling "extremely prepared parenthood, 41% reported feeling "somew prepared", and 5% reported feeling "not prepared 	
 97% reported child's arrival impacted their activities, routines & habits 	
	ses When Asked How Prepared It For Parenthood ^{Sca}
5%	Extremely PreparedSomewhat Prepared

Not Prepared 54%

41%



RESULTS

QUOTES

- "Sleep schedules were completely changed. Mornings used to be pretty lazy. We both worked from home but now we get up by eight o'clock and make milk for her, turn on tv and the day starts. Everything is centered around her now, so she comes first and then all of our things we need to do come when we have time."
- "In a nutshell, my world now revolves around my son and his needs. My desires are secondary to his eating and sleeping schedule..."
- *"They did not require, in my opinion, any education that* was actually pertinent. I think that that is a huge missing piece of adoption. I don't think any agencies or home study providers make you do enough education"
 - *"We didn't truly understand open adoption and what that* could look like"
- *"How to deal with all of the emotions of the adoption"* process"
- "Our son actually has two diagnoses. I always knew it, but was told that I was crazy and I was "looking for things" and that he didn't need occupational therapy...He's going to kindergarten, and I know I'm going to have to fight for services."
- "...We need to look into the future. I mean we've learned a lot and being in healthcare is really helpful. I know how to ask questions and advocate for all those services."

Changes in parents' performance patterns & occupations are evident. Parents manage both their own and their child's performance patterns & occupations by putting their child first, completing their own when there is time. The occupational need for this population is finding occupational balance and healthy performance patterns, which appear to come with time and with scheduling. The results brings attention to this population and give a voice to individuals' lived experiences. The results help to illustrate the role OT could play within this population and contribute to the limited research available connecting OT to the private, domestic adoption process and population.

DISSEMINATION

- offer to this population

IMPLICATIONS FOR OT



11/

Results help describe the occupational needs of this population & contribute to limited body of research

Using this data, OTs can support clients in establishing healthy performance patterns to create occupational balance when integrating their child into their home

Therapists can support parents' role competency when assuming the role of advocate by providing education on available services (post placement supports)

OTs can provide education on topics within OT's scope: attachment, childhood trauma, sleep and eating routines (pre-placement education)

Demonstrates that OT has a role in supporting this population for a smoother transition

Adoption agencies can hire OTs as consultants. OTs can work directly with clients (pre and post placement) or indirectly by reviewing & contributing to curriculum

Results provide data that could be used to support a position paper topic to further illustrate OT's role within this population

DOCTOR OF OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY

DISCUSSION

"I don't know if anyone else feels this way...", "It isn't talked about enough...", "I might be alone in feeling this way..." Adobe Spark webpage created to share with participants Provide reassurance and give a voice to their experiences Provides education on OT in general, and the support OT can